

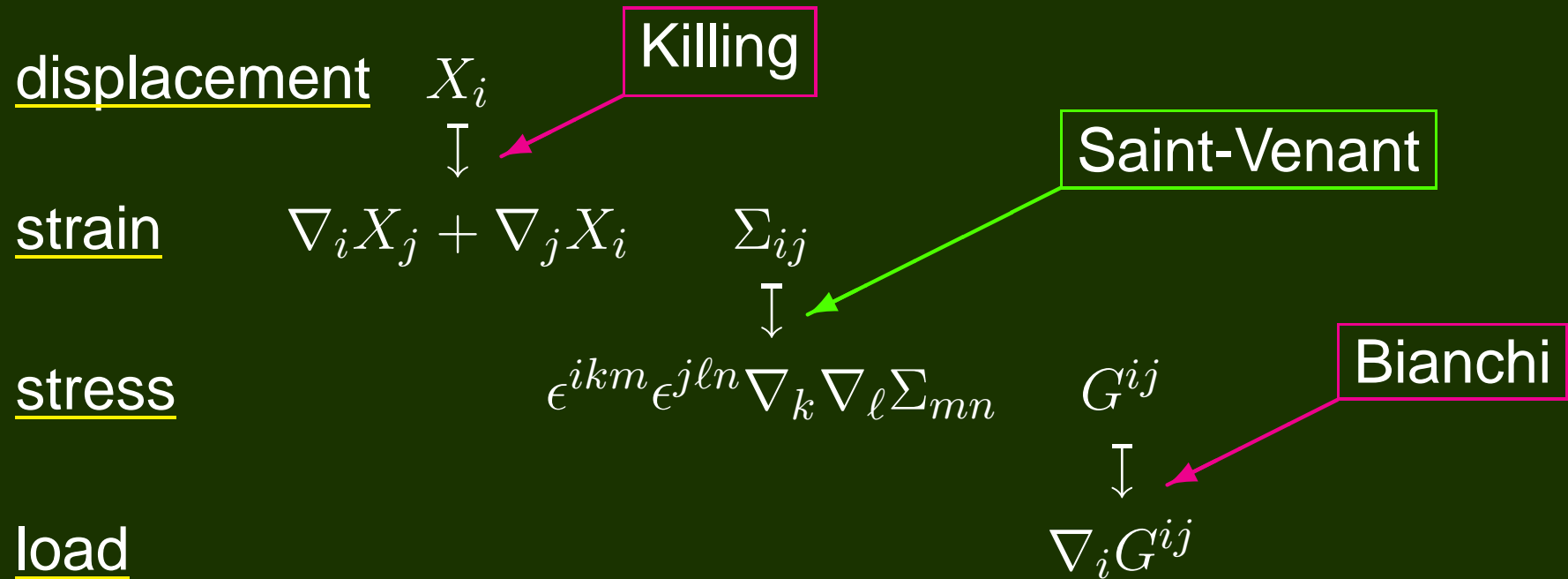


# Bernstein-Gelfand-Gelfand Complexes

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# Stress and strain in 3-space



cf. de Rham

$$f \xrightarrow{\text{grad}} \nabla_i f \quad \omega_i \xrightarrow{\text{curl}} \epsilon^{ijk} \nabla_j \omega_k \quad \phi^i \xrightarrow{\text{div}} \nabla_i \phi^i$$

$$\Lambda^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Lambda^1 \xrightarrow{d} T \xrightarrow{d} \Lambda^0$$

# A flat connection

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_j \\ Y^j \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \nabla_i \begin{pmatrix} X_j \\ Y^j \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_i X_j + \epsilon_{ijk} Y^k \\ \nabla_i Y^j \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute:–

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla_i \nabla_j \begin{pmatrix} X_k \\ Y^k \end{pmatrix} &= \nabla_i \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_j X_k + \epsilon_{jkl} Y^l \\ \nabla_j Y^k \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_i (\nabla_j X_k + \epsilon_{jkl} Y^l) + \epsilon_{ikl} \nabla_j Y^l \\ \nabla_i \nabla_j Y^k \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_i \nabla_j X_k + \epsilon_{jkl} \nabla_i Y^l + \epsilon_{ikl} \nabla_j Y^l \\ \nabla_i \nabla_j Y^k \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

is symmetric in  $ij$  !!!

# Coupled de Rham

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_k \\ Y^k \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{grad}} \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_j X_k + \epsilon_{jkl} Y^l \\ \nabla_j Y^k \end{pmatrix} \\ \parallel \\ \begin{pmatrix} P_{jk} \\ Q_j{}^k \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{curl}} \epsilon^{ijm} \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_i P_{jk} + \epsilon_{ikl} Q_j{}^l \\ \nabla_i Q_{jkl} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Lambda^1 \\ \oplus \\ T \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{grad}} \begin{array}{c} \Lambda^1 \otimes \Lambda^1 \\ \oplus \\ \Lambda^1 \otimes T \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{curl}} \begin{array}{c} T \otimes \Lambda^1 \\ \oplus \\ T \otimes T \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{div}} \begin{array}{c} \Lambda^1 \\ \oplus \\ T \end{array} \quad \boxed{\text{FEEC}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ Q_j{}^k \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{curl}} \epsilon^{ijm} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_{ikl} Q_j{}^l \\ * \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} Q_k{}^m - Q_l{}^l \delta_k{}^m \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

# Coupled de Rham after cancellation

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \Lambda^1 & \xrightarrow{\nabla} & \Lambda^1 \odot \Lambda^1 & \xrightarrow{\nabla^2} & T \odot T & \xrightarrow{\nabla} & T \\
 X_i & & \Sigma_{ij} & & G^{ij} & & B^j
 \end{array}$$

Linear elasticity complex = A BGG complex

BGG-FEEC

Other BGG complexes

$$\Lambda^1 \xrightarrow{\nabla} \Lambda^1 \odot_{\circ} \Lambda^1 \xrightarrow{\nabla^3} T \odot_{\circ} T \xrightarrow{\nabla} T$$

= linearised conformal deformation complex

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \Lambda^0 & \xrightarrow{\nabla^2} & \Lambda^1 \odot \Lambda^1 & \xrightarrow{\nabla} & T \otimes_{\circ} \Lambda^1 & \xrightarrow{\nabla} & \Lambda^1 & \text{ranks } 1 \ 6 \ 8 \ 3 \\
 f & \xrightarrow{\text{Hess}} & \nabla_i \nabla_j f & & & & & 
 \end{array}$$

# Further reading

- D.N. Arnold, R.S. Falk, and R. Winther, *Finite element exterior calculus, homological techniques, and applications*, Acta Numerica 15 (2006) 1–155.
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THANK YOU