SOLVING TRIANGULAR SYSTEMS ON A PARALLEL COMPUTER

AHMED H. SAMEH AND RICHARD P. BRENT

Abstract

We present alternative formulations of the algorithms of Chen and Kuck [1] for the parallel solution of triangular systems of linear equations in $O(\log^2 n)$ steps. We consider both the dense and banded cases, and establish bounds on the time and number of processors required. We also give a detailed error analysis, showing that if \tilde{x} is the computed solution of the triangular system Lx = f, then it satisfies the equation $(L + \delta L)\tilde{x} = f$, where $\|\delta L\| \leq O(n^2 \log n)\varepsilon\kappa^2(L)\|L\|$. Here $\kappa(L)$ is the condition number of L, $\|\cdot\|$ denotes the ∞ -norm, and ε is the unit roundoff.

Comments

Only the Abstract is given here. The full paper appeared as [2].

References

- S. C. Chen and D. J. Kuck, "Time and parallel processor bounds for linear recurrence systems", *IEEE Transactions on Computers* C-24 (1975), 701–717.
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