# AN EFFICIENT ARCHITECTURE FOR SOLVING THE RECURSIVE CONVOLUTION EQUATION WITH HIGH THROUGHPUT

B. B. ZHOU AND RICHARD P. BRENT

## Abstract

The one-dimensional (1D) recursive convolution problem plays a very important role in digital signal processing. It is usually considered that recursion implies sequential execution. Thus only 1D architectures were taken into account in VLSI implementation of this kind of problem. In this paper, we derive a two-dimensional systolic architecture for solving this problem with a throughput rate of two. Our solution has about twice the area, but twice the throughput of the previously known 1D systolic arrays. We also give an example to show that, by using our systolic architecture, IIR problems can be computed systolically with a throughput rate of two.

## Comments

Only the Abstract is given here. The full paper appeared as [1]. For related work, see [2, 3, 4].

## References

[1] B. B. Zhou and R. P. Brent, "An efficient architecture for solving the recursive convolution equation with high throughput", *Proc. First IASTED International Symposium on Signal Processing and its Applications* (edited by B. Boashash), Institution of Engineers, Australia, Vol. 2, 1987, 771–775. ISBN 0-8581-4143-4. rpb099.

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Computer Sciences Laboratory, Australian National University, Canberra, ACT 0200
*E-mail address*: {bing,rpb}@cslab.anu.edu.au

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